## CLAIMS

A lithium ion capacitor comprising a positive electrode, a negative electrode and an aprotic organic solvent solution of a lithium salt as an electrolytic solution, wherein a positive electrode active material is a material capable of reversibly supporting lithium ions and/or anions, a negative electrode active material is a material capable of reversibly supporting lithium ions, and the potential of the positive electrode is at most 10 2.0 V after the positive electrode and the negative electrode are short-circuited, characterized in that each of a positive electrode current collector and a negative electrode current collector has pores penetrating from the front surface to the back surface, the positive electrode and the negative electrode are alternately 15 laminated with a separator interposed therebetween to constitute an electrode unit, the cell is constituted by at least two such electrode units, a lithium ion supply source is disposed between the electrode units, and lithium ions are preliminarily supported by the negative 20 electrode and/or the positive electrode by electrochemical contact of the lithium ion supply source with the negative electrode and/or the positive electrode. The lithium ion capacitor according to Claim 1, wherein a lithium ion supply source is further provided 25 on the outside of one or both of the electrode units at

the end of the cell.

- 3. The lithium ion capacitor according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein a current collector of the lithium ion supply source has pores penetrating from the front surface to the back surface.
- 5 4. The lithium ion capacitor according to Claim 1, 2 or 3, wherein the lithium ion supply source is formed in such a manner that the lithium ion supply source is pressure bonded on one side or both sides of the current collector.
- 5. The lithium ion capacitor according to any one of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the outermost portion of the electrode unit is a separator, and the inside thereof is the negative electrode.
- 6. The lithium ion capacitor according to any one of
  Claims 1 to 5, wherein the positive electrode active
  material is any one of (a) an activated carbon, (b) an
  electrically conductive polymer and (c) a polyacenic
  organic semiconductor (PAS) which is a heat-treated
  aromatic condensed polymer having a polyacenic skeleton
  structure with an atomic ratio of hydrogen atoms/carbon
  atoms between 0.50 and 0.05.
  - 7. The lithium ion capacitor according to any one of Claims 1 to 6, wherein the negative electrode active material is any one of (a) graphite, (b) hardly
- graphitizable carbon and (c) a polyacenic organic semiconductor (PAS) which is a heat-treated aromatic condensed polymer having a polyacenic skeleton structure

with an atomic ratio of hydrogen atoms/carbon atoms between 0.50 and 0.05.

- 8. The lithium ion capacitor according to any one of Claims 1 to 7, wherein the outside of the electrode units is fixed with a tape.
- 9. The lithium ion capacitor according to any one of Claims 1 to 8, wherein the negative electrode active material has a capacitance per unit weight at least three times that of the positive electrode active material, and the weight of the positive electrode active material is larger than the weight of the negative electrode active material.

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